

HI96800

Refractometer for Refractive
Index and Brix Measurements



INSTRUCTION MANUAL

**Dear
Customer,**

Thank you for choosing a Hanna Instruments product.

Please read this instruction manual carefully before using this instrument.

This manual will provide you with the necessary information for correct use of this instrument, as well as a precise idea of its versatility.

If you need additional technical information, do not hesitate to e-mail us at tech@hannainst.com or view our worldwide contact list at www.hannainst.com.

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Remove the instrument from the packing materials and examine carefully to ensure no damage has occurred during shipping. If any damage has occurred, contact your local Hanna Instruments Office.

Each **HI96800** instrument is supplied with:

- 9 V battery
- Instruction manual
- Plastic pipette
- Quality Certificate

Note: Save all packing material until you are sure that the instrument functions correctly. A defective instrument must be returned in its original packing.

The HI96800 Digital Refractometer is a rugged portable, water resistant device that benefits from Hanna Instruments' years of experience as a manufacturer of analytical instruments.

The HI96800 is an optical instrument that is both simple and quick. Samples are measured after a simple user calibration with deionized or distilled water. Within seconds the instrument measures the refractive index of the sample. Reading can also be displayed with sucrose temperature compensation ($n_{D_{20}}$) or % Brix.

The HI96800 digital refractometer eliminates the uncertainty associated with mechanical refractometers and is easily portable for measurements in the field. The measurement technique and temperature compensation employ methodology recommended in the ICUMSA Methods Book (International Commission for Uniform Methods of Sugar Analysis).

Temperature (in °C or °F) is displayed simultaneously with the measurement on the large dual level display along with icons for Low Power and other helpful message codes.

Key features include:

- Dual-level LCD
- Automatic Temperature Compensation (ATC)
- Easy setup and storage
- Battery operation with Low Power indicator (BEPS)
- Automatically turns off after 3 minutes of non-use.

SPECIFICATIONS

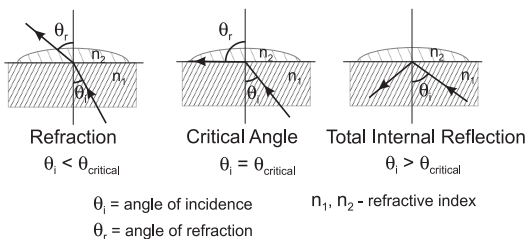
Range	nD: 1.3300 to 1.5080
	nD ₂₀ : 1.3330 to 1.5040
	% Brix: 0.0 to 85.0
	Temperature: 0.0 to 80.0 °C; 32.0 to 176.0 °F
Resolution	nD: 0.0001
	nD ₂₀ : 0.0001
	% Brix: 0.1
	Temperature: 0.1 °C; 0.1 °C
Accuracy	nD: ±0.0005
	nD ₂₀ : ±0.0005
	% Brix: ±0.2
	Temperature: ±0.3 °C; ±0.5 °F
Temperature Compensation	Automatic between 10.0 and 40.0 °C (50.0 - 104.0 °F)
Measurement Time	Approximately 1.5 seconds
Minimum Sample Volume	100 µL (cover prism totally)
Light Source	Yellow LED
Sample Cell	Stainless Steel ring and flint glass prism
Case Material	ABS
Enclosure Rating	IP65
Battery Type / Life	9V / 5000 readings
Auto-Off	After 3 minutes of non-use
Dimensions	192 x 102 x 69mm (7.6 x 4.1 x 2.7")
Mass	350 g (12.3 oz.)

Refractive Index is an optical characteristic of a substance and the number of dissolved particles in it. Refractive Index is defined as the ratio of the speed of light in empty space to the speed of light in the substance. A result of this property is that light will “bend”, or change direction, when it travels through a substance of different refractive index. This is called refraction.

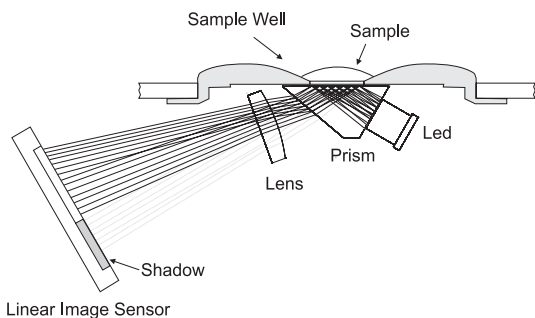
When passing from a material with a higher to lower refractive index, there is a critical angle at which an incoming beam of light can no longer refract, but will instead be reflected off the interface. The critical angle can be used to easily calculate the refractive index according to the equation:

$$\sin(\theta_{\text{critical}}) = n_2 / n_1$$

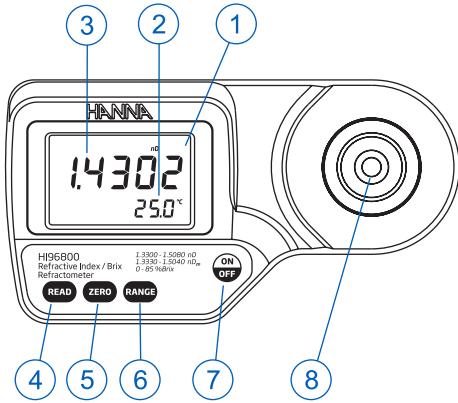
Where n_2 is the refractive index of the lower-density medium; n_1 is the refractive index of the higher-density medium.



In the [HI96800](#), light from an LED passes through a prism in contact with the sample. An image sensor determines the critical angle at which the light is no longer refracted through the sample.

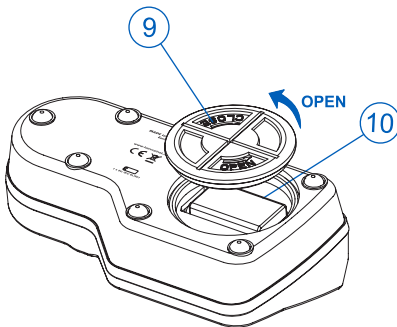


TOP VIEW

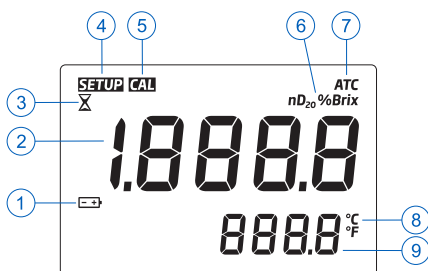


1. Liquid Crystal Display (LCD)
2. Secondary Display
3. Primary Display
4. READ Key (User Measurement)
5. ZERO Key (User Calibration)
6. RANGE Key (User Measurement Unit)
7. ON/OFF
8. Stainless Steel Sample Well and Prism

BOTTOM



9. Battery Cover
10. Battery Compartment

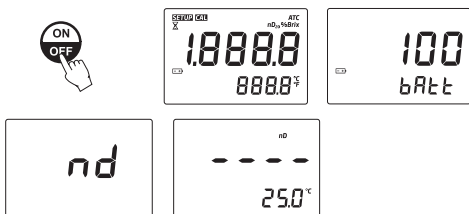


1. Battery (blinks when low battery condition detected)
2. Primary Display (displays measurement and error messages)
3. Measurement in Progress Tag
4. SETUP: Factory Calibration Tag
5. CAL: Calibration Tag
6. Measurement Units
7. Automatic Temperature Compensation
(blinks when temperature exceeds 10-40 °C / 50-104 °F range)
8. Temperature Units
9. Secondary Display (displays temperature measurements; when blinking, temperature has exceeded operation range: 0-80 °C / 32-176 °F)

- Handle instrument carefully. Do not drop.
- Do not immerse instrument under water.
- Do not spray water to any part of instrument except the “sample well” located over the prism.
- Do not expose instrument or prism to solvents that will damage it. This includes most organic solvents and extremely hot or cold solutions.
- Particulate matter in a sample may scratch the prism. Absorb sample with a soft tissue and rinse sample well with deionized or distilled water between samples.
- Use plastic pipettes to transfer all solutions. Do not use metallic tools such as needles, spoons or tweezers as these will scratch the prism.
- To reduce the effects of evaporation or absorption of water when taking readings over a period of time, the prism and sample well can be covered with plastic wrap.

Calibration should be performed daily, before measurements are made, when the battery has been replaced, between a long series of measurements, or if environmental changes have occurred since the last calibration.

1. Press the **ON/OFF** key, then release. Two instrument test screens will be displayed briefly; all LCD segments followed by the percentage of remaining battery life. The meter will briefly display an indication of the measurement units set. When LCD displays dashes, the instrument is ready.



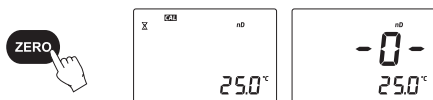
2. Using a plastic pipette, fill the sample well with distilled or deionized water. Make sure the prism is completely covered.

Note: If the ZERO sample is subject to intense light such as sunlight or another strong source, cover the sample well with your hand or other shade during the calibration.



3. Press the **ZERO** key. If no error messages appear, your unit is calibrated. (For a description of ERROR MESSAGES see page 17).

Note: The -0- or 0.0 screen will remain until a sample is measured or the power is turned off.



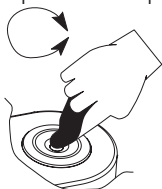
4. Gently absorb the ZERO water standard with a soft tissue. Use care not to scratch the prism surface. Dry the surface completely. The instrument is ready for sample measurement.

Note: If the instrument is turned off the calibration will not be lost.



Verify the instrument has been calibrated before taking measurements.

1. Wipe off prism surface located at the bottom of the sample well. Make sure the prism and sample well are completely dry.



2. Using a plastic pipette, drip sample onto the prism surface. Fill the well completely.

Note: If the temperature of the sample differs significantly from the temperature of the instrument, wait approximately 1 minute to allow thermal equilibration.



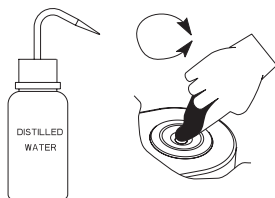
3. Press the **READ** key. The result is displayed in the selected units.



Note: The last measurement value will be displayed until the next sample is measured or the instrument is turned off. Temperature will be continuously updated.

The ATC tag blinks and automatic temperature compensation is disabled if the temperature exceeds the 10-40 °C/50-104 °F range.

4. Remove sample from the sample well by absorbing with a soft tissue.
5. Using a plastic pipette, rinse prism and sample well with distilled or deionized water. Wipe dry. The instrument is ready for the next sample.



Press the **RANGE** key to select measurement units. The instrument scales each time the key is pressed and the primary display indicated “**nd**” for refractive index, “**nd20**” for temperature compensated refractive index and “**bri**” for %Brix, when the instrument displays the screen with 4 dashes, it is ready for measurement.



nd

nd20

bri

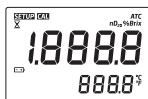
TO CHANGE TEMPERATURE UNIT

To change the temperature measurement unit from Celsius to Fahrenheit (or vice versa), follow this procedure.

1. Press and hold the **ON/OFF** key continuously for approximately 15 seconds. The LCD will display the "all segment" screen followed by a screen with the model number on the primary display and the version number on the secondary display. Continue pressing the **ON/OFF** key.



15 seconds



2. While continuing to hold the **ON/OFF** key, press the **ZERO** key. The temperature unit will change from °C to °F or vice versa.



°C or °F

To make a Brix Solution, follow the procedure below:

- Place container (such as a glass vial or dropper bottle that has a cover) on an analytical balance.
- Tare the balance.
- To make an X% BRIX solution weigh out X grams of high purity Sucrose (CAS #: 57-50-1) directly into the container.
- Add distilled or deionized water to the container so the total weight of the solution is 100 g.

Note: Solutions above 60 % Brix need to be vigorously stirred or shaken and heated in a water bath. Remove solution from bath when sucrose has dissolved. The total quantity can be scaled proportionally for smaller containers but accuracy may be sacrificed.

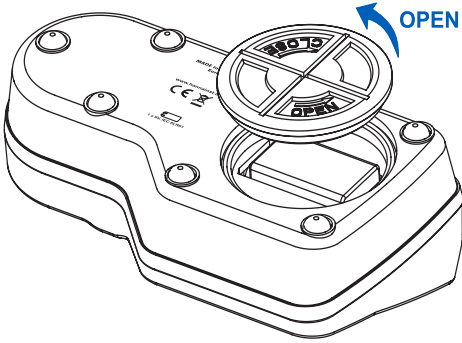
Example with 25% Brix:

<u>%Brix</u>	<u>g Sucrose</u>	<u>g Water</u>	<u>g Total</u>
25	25.000	75.000	100.000

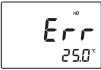
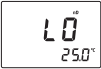

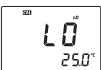

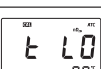
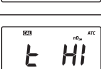
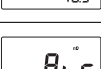
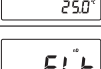
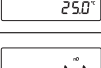
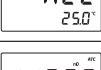
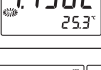

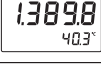
BATTERY REPLACEMENT

To replace the instrument's battery, follow these steps:

- Make sure the instrument is off.
- Turn instrument upside down and remove the battery cover by turning it counterclockwise.



- Extract the battery from its location.
- Replace with a new 9V battery making sure to observe polarity.
- Insert the back battery cover and fasten it by turning clockwise to engage.

Error Code		Description
"Err"		General failure. Cycle power to instrument. If error persists, contact your local Hanna Instruments Office.
"LO" primary display		Sample exceeds minimum measurement range.
"HI" primary display		Sample exceeds maximum measurement range.
"LO" primary display Cal segment ON		Wrong solution used to zero instrument. Use deionized or distilled water. Press ZERO .
"HI" primary display Cal segment ON		Wrong solution used to zero instrument. Use deionized or distilled water. Press ZERO .
"t LO" primary display Cal segment ON		Temperature exceeds ATC low limit (10.0 °C) during calibration.
"t HI" primary display Cal segment ON		Temperature exceeds ATC high limit (40.0 °C) during calibration.
"Air"		Prism surface insufficiently covered.
"ELt"		Too much external light for measurement. Cover sample well with hand.
"nLt"		LED light is not detected. Contact your local Hanna Instruments Office.
Battery segment blinking		< 5% of battery life is remaining.
Temperature values are blinking "0.0°C" or "80.0°C"		Temperature measurement out of range (0.0 to 80.0 °C).
ATC segment blinking		Outside temperature compensation range (10.0 to 40.0 °C).
SETUP segment blinking		Factory calibration lost. Contact your local Hanna Instruments Office.

Code	Description
HI4020-11	50% Brix Standard, 10 mL
HI740157P	Plastic refilling pipette (20 pcs.)
HI740029P	9V battery (10 pcs.)

Warranty

HI96800 is warranted for two years against defects in workmanship and materials when used for their intended purpose and maintained according to instructions.

This warranty is limited to repair or replacement free of charge.

Damage due to accidents, misuse, tampering or lack of prescribed maintenance is not covered.

If service is required, contact your local Hanna Instruments Office. If under warranty, report the model number, date of purchase, serial number and the nature of the problem. If the repair is not covered by the warranty, you will be notified of the charges incurred. If the instrument is to be returned to Hanna Instruments, first obtain a Returned Goods Authorization number from the Technical Service department and then send it with shipping costs prepaid. When shipping any instrument, make sure it is properly packed for complete protection.

To validate your warranty, fill out and return the enclosed warranty card within 14 days from the date of purchase.

Hanna Instruments reserves the right to modify the design, construction or appearance of its products without advance notice.

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